This is an amendment in response to the office action dated February 2, 2006 with a shortened statutory period for response set to expire on May 02, 2006.

## IN THE CLAIMS:

- a. Please amend the claims as follows:
- (amended) A capacitor discharge system, comprising:
  - a first capacitive circuit comprising a first capacitor and a first switch connected in series between a static common node and an inductor;
  - a second <u>capacitive circuit comprising a second</u> capacitor and a second switch connected in series between the static <u>common node and the inductor;</u>
  - an inductor,
  - a discharge switching device; and
  - a charging device; wherein

said charging device places a <u>timed</u> first electric charge on said first capacitor during a first charging cycle,

said discharge switching device first switch creates a first electrical path from said first capacitor to said second capacitor through said inductor during a

first discharge cycle,
said charging device places a <u>timed</u> second electric
charge on said second capacitor during a second
charging cycle, and
said <u>discharge switching device</u> <u>second switch</u> creates
a second electrical path from said second capacitor to
said first capacitor through said inductor during a
second discharge cycle.

- 2. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 1, further comprising a motor shaft that interacts with a magnetic field generated by the flow of electric current through said inductor during said first discharge cycle and said second discharge cycle to produce a rotating motion of said motor shaft.
- (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 2,
   wherein said inductor is an electric motor phase winding.
- 4. (amended) The capacitor discharge system of claim 2, further comprising:
- a capacitor drain circuit connected to a first node between the first capacitor and the first switch and also connected to a

May 02 06 10:18a p.4

second node between the second capacitor and the second switch,
wherein said capacitor drain circuit is adapted to remove fer
removing a first residual electric charge from said second
capacitor during said first charging cycle and for removing a
second residual electric charge from said first capacitor during
said second charging cycle.

- 5. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 2, further comprising:
  - a shaft position sensor;
  - a switch control circuit; and

magnetic material mounted on said motor shaft; whereby said shaft position sensor detects movement of said magnetic material corresponding to said rotating motion of said motor shaft, said shaft position sensor transmits a signal to said switch control circuit, and said switch control circuit controls said charging device.

- 6. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 4, further comprising:
  - a shaft position sensor;
  - a switch control circuit; and

magnetic material mounted on said motor shaft; whereby said shaft position sensor detects movement of said magnetic material corresponding to said rotating motion of said motor shaft, said shaft position sensor transmits a signal to said switch control circuit, and said switch control circuit controls said charging device and said capacitor drain circuit.

- 7. (amended) The capacitor discharge system of claim 2, wherein said <u>first</u> and <u>second</u> switches comprise mechanical <u>switchesdischarge</u> switching device is a mechanical switch.
- 8. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 7, wherein said motor shaft includes a motor shaft gear, said mechanical switch includes a switch gear, and said switch gear is driven by said motor shaft gear during said rotating motion of said motor shaft to produce a rotating motion of said mechanical switch.
- 9. (amended) The capacitor discharge system of claim 5, wherein said <u>first</u> and <u>second</u> switches comprise solid state <u>switching devices</u> discharge switching device is a solid-state <u>switching device</u>.

- 10. (amended) The capacitor discharge system of claim 9, wherein each of said solid-state switching devices includes a solicon-controlled rectifier.
- 11. (amended) A capacitor discharge system, comprising:
  - a first capacitor;
  - a second capacitor;
  - a first inductor;
  - a second inductor;
  - a static common node;
  - a discharge switching device; and
  - a charging device; wherein

said charging device places a first electric charge on said first capacitor during a first charging cycle, said discharge switching device creates a first electrical path from said first capacitor to said second capacitor through said first inductor during a first discharge cycle,

said charging device places a second electric charge on said second capacitor during a second charging cycle, and

said discharge switching device creates a second electrical path from said second capacitor to said first capacitor through said second inductor during a second discharge cycle.

- 12. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 11, further comprising a motor shaft that interacts with a magnetic field generated by a flow of electric current through said first inductor during said first discharge cycle and said second inductor during said second discharge cycle to produce a rotating motion of said motor shaft.
- 13. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 12, wherein said first inductor and said second inductor are electric motor phase windings.
- 14. (amended) The capacitor discharge system of claim 13, further comprising a capacitor drain circuit for removing a first residual electric charge relative to said static common node from said second capacitor during said first charging cycle and for removing a second residual charge relative to said static common node from said first capacitor during said second charging cycle.

- 15. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 14, further comprising:
  - a shaft position sensor;
  - a switch control circuit; and
  - magnetic material mounted on said motor shaft; whereby said shaft position sensor detects movement of said magnetic material corresponding to said rotating motion of said motor shaft, said shaft position sensor transmits a signal to said switch control circuit, and said switch control circuit directs the activity of said charging device and said capacitor drain circuit.
- 16. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 15, wherein said discharge switching device is a solid-state switching device.
- 17. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 16, wherein said solid-state switching device comprises a plurality of silicon-controlled rectifiers.
- 18. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 17, wherein said plurality of silicon-controlled rectifiers is controlled by said switch-control circuit.

- 19. (original) The capacitor discharge system of claim 10, wherein said plurality of silicon-controlled rectifiers is controlled by said switch-control circuit.
- 20. (amended) A method of creating an alternating magnetic field in an inductor comprising the steps of:

placing a first electric charge on a first capacitor relative to a static common node;

creating a first electrical path between said first capacitor and a second capacitor through an inductor;

placing a second electric charge on said second capacitor relative to the static common node; and

creating a second electrical path between said second capacitor and said first capacitor through said inductor.

21. (amended) The method of claim 20, further comprising the steps of:

removing a first residual charge relative to the static common node from said second capacitor during said step of placing a first electric charge on said first capacitor; and

removing a second residual charge relative to the static common node from said first capacitor during said step of placing a second electric charge on said second capacitor.

22. (amended) A method of creating an alternating magnetic field in a motor comprising the steps of:

placing a first electric charge relative to a static common node on a first capacitor;

creating a first electrical path between said first capacitor and a second capacitor through a first inductor;

placing a second electric charge <u>relative to the</u>

<u>static common node</u> on said second capacitor; and

creating a second electrical path between said second capacitor and said first capacitor through a second inductor.

23. (amended) The method of claim 22, further comprising the steps of:

removing a first residual charge relative to the static common node from said second capacitor during said step of placing a first electric charge on said first capacitor; and

removing a second residual charge relative to the static common node from said first capacitor during said step of placing a second electric charge on said second capacitor.